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GROUP



Product registration number: MAPP 17841 UFI: MEOP-SNRN-DCOH-Y1PN

ELATUS[™] Plus is an emulsifiable concentrate containing 100 g/l (10.2% w/w) benzovindiflupyr.

Provides control of Mycosphaerella graminicola Brown rust and Yellow rust and moderate control of Septoria nodorum in winter and spring wheat. control of Net blotch, Ramularia collo-cyni and Brown rust and moderate control of Rhynchosporium secalis on winter and spring barley. control of Septoria spp. Brown Rust and Yellow Rust and moderate control of Rhynchosporium secalis on triticale, control of Brown rust and moderate control of Rhvnchosporium secalis on rve.

SAFFTY PRECAUTIONS

(a) Operator protection

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment: OPERATORS MUST WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS). SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES AND FACE PROTECTION (FACESHIELD) when handling the concentrate.

However engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows they provide an equal or higher standard of protection. WASH SPLASHES from skin immediately.

WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before meals and after work.

(b) Environmental protection

To protect aquatic organisms, respect an unspraved buffer zone to surface water hodies as specified for the cron

HORIZONTAL BOOM SPRAYERS MUST BE FITTED WITH THREE STAR DRIFT REDUCTION TECHNOLOGY for all uses. Low drift spraving equipment must be operated according to the specific conditions stated in the official three star rating for that equipment as published on HSE Chemicals Regulation Division's website. Maintain three star operating conditions until 30 m from the top of the bank of any surface water bodies.

5 litres

Product names marked ® or ™, the ALLIANCE FRAME the SYNGENTA Logo and the PURPOSE ICON are Trademarks of a Syngenta Group Company

DO NOT ALLOW DIRECT SPRAY from horizontal boom spravers to fall within the distance specified for the crop to the top of LERAP the bank of a static or flowing water body, or within 1 m of the

top of a ditch which is dry at the time of application. Aim spray away from water. NOTE: BUFFER ZONES OF MORE THAN 5 M CANNOT BE REDUCED UNDER THE LOCAL ENVIRONMENT RISK ASSESSMENT FOR PESTICIDES (LERAP) SCHEME.

The statutory buffer zone must be maintained and the distance recorded in Section A of the LERAP record form. The LERAP record form must be kept available for three years.

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads

(c) Storage and disposal

BINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to spraver at time of filling and dispose of safely.

KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed, in a safe place. EMPTY CONTAINER COMPLETELY and dispose of safely.

In case of toxic or transport emergency ring +44 (0)1484 538444 any time

The (COSHH) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations may apply to the use of this product at work.

Syngenta UK Limited CPC4, Capital Park, Fulbourn, Cambridge, CB21 5XE Tel: Cambridge (01223) 883400

This product label is compliant with the (VI) guidance Initiative



L1086006 GBBI/02A PPE 4154968

The

CPA Voluntary Initiative Voluntary

ELATUS [™] Plus	
Emulsifiable con	centrate containing
100 g/l (10.2% v	v/w) benzovindiflupyr.
Signal Word	Danger.
Hazard	Harmful if swallowed or inhaled.
Statements	Causes serious eye damage.
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	May cause respiratory irritation.
	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary	Keep out of reach of children.
Statements	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
	Wear protective gloves/clothing/eye protection/face protection.
	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
	Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.
	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
	IF SKIN Irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy
	to do. Continue rinsing.
	Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
	Collect spillage.
	Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal plant/contractor or collection site
	except for empty triple rinsed clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.
Supplemental	To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.
Information	MAPP No. 17841

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

FOR USE ONLY AS A PROFESSIONAL FUNGICIDE

Crop	Max. individual dose (litres/ hectare/crop)	Maximum no. of treatments (per crop)	Latest time of application	Aquatic buffer zone distance (metres)
Winter and spring wheat, rye and triticale.	0.75	1	Up to and including anthesis complete (GS 69).	6
Winter and spring barley	0.75	1	Up to and including complete ear emergence (GS 59).	6

Other Specific Restrictions:

(1) This product must not be applied via hand-held equipment.

(2) No more than two applications of products containing SDH inhibitors must be applied to any cereal crop.

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS. This leaflet is part of the approved Product Label.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be carefully read in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Benzovindiflupyr is an orthosubstituted pyrazole carboxamide fungicide belonging to the sub-class of the benzonorbornenes.

Benzovindiflupyr is an SDH inhibitor (FRAC group #7 carboxamides). Benzovindiflupyr is predominantly a protectant substance.

ELATUS[™] Plus is best used as a protectant treatment or in the earliest stages of disease development.

DISEASES CONTROLLED

Winter and Spring Wheat

Leaf spot (Mycosphaerella graminicola) Glume blotch (Septoria nodorum) [Moderate control] Yellow rust (Puccinia striiformis) Brown rust (Puccinia recondita)

Winter and Spring Barley

Net blotch (Pyrenophora teres) Leaf blotch (Rhynchosporium secalis) [Moderate control] Brown rust (Puccinia hordei) Ramularia collo-cygni

Triticale

Yellow rust (Puccinia striiformis) Brown rust (Puccinia recondita) Septoria spp. Leaf blotch (Rhynchosporium secalis) [Moderate control]

Rye

Brown rust (Puccinia recondita) Leaf blotch (Rhynchosporium secalis) [Moderate control]

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Use ELATUS Plus as part of an Integrated Crop Management (ICM) strategy incorporating other methods of control, including where appropriate other fungicides with a different mode of action. You must not apply more than two foliar applications of products containing SDH inhibitors to any cereal crop.

Disease control may be reduced if strains of pathogens less sensitive to ELATUS Plus develop.

On cereal crops, ELATUS Plus must always be used in mixture with another product, recommended for control of the same target disease that contains a fungicide from a different cross resistance group and is applied at a dose that will give robust control.

Users should refer to current FRAG-UK guidelines for SDHI compounds.

CROP SPECIFIC INFORMATION

Crops and growing conditions

ELATUS Plus can be used on all varieties of winter and spring wheat, winter and spring barley, rye and triticale. Apply ELATUS Plus under good growing conditions with adequate soil moisture. Avoid poor growing conditions which may give less reliable results.

Timing

Always inspect crops to assess disease development immediately before spraying. Best results will be achieved from applications made as a protectant treatment or in the earliest stages of disease development following a disease risk assessment or the use of appropriate decision support systems. ELATUS Plus is accepted by BBPA (British Beer and Pubs Association) for use on malting barley provided application is made before the beginning of flowering (GS 61). Latest timing in malting barley is therefore up to and including complete ear emergence (GS 59).

Rates of use

Apply ELATUS Plus at 0.75 litres per hectare.

FOLLOWING CROPS

There are no restrictions on succeeding crops in a normal rotation.

MIXING AND SPRAYIING

Mixing Procedure

Make sure the sprayer is set to give an even application at the correct volume. Fill the spray tank with half the required volume of water and begin agitation. Add the required amount of ELATUS Plus to the spray tank and allow to disperse <u>before</u> adding any other product. Add the rest of the water and continue to agitate the mixture thoroughly. Always agitate during spraying.

Spray Volume and Application

Apply ELATUS Plus in a recommended 100 - 400 litres of water per hectare through conventional crop spraying equipment. The higher spray volumes are recommended where the crop is dense or disease pressure/risk is high to ensure good penetration to the lower leaves and stem bases. Disease control maybe compromised by reducing water volumes, where good spray coverage is difficult to achieve. A spray pressure of 2-3 bars is recommended. Effectiveness using three star drift reduction technology may be reduced.

After Spraying

Thoroughly wash out sprayer according to manufacturer's guidelines and dispose of washing and clean containers according to DEFRA Code of Practice and local water authority guidelines.

Section 6 of the Health and Safety at Work Act Additional Product Safety Information

(This section does not form part of the product label under the Plant Protection Products Regulations 1995.)

The product label provides information on a specific pesticidal use of the product; do not use otherwise, unless you have assessed any potential hazard involved, the safety measures required and that the particular use has 'Extension of Use' approval or is otherwise permitted under the Plant Protection Products Regulations.

The information on this label is based on the best available information including data from test results.

Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/ UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product Identifier Trade name: ELATUS Plus Design code: A15457H Product Registration number: MAPP 17841

1.2 Relevant Identified Uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Fungicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:	Syngenta UK Ltd	
	CPC4, Capital Park, Fulbourn, Cambridge, CB21 5XE	
Telephone:	+44 (0) 1223 883400	
Telefax:	+44 (0) 1223 882195	
E-mail address:	customer.services@syngenta.com	
1.4 Emergency telephone number		
Emergency phone No .:	+44 1484 538444	

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Acute toxicity, Category 4	H302: Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity, Category 4	H332: Harmful if inhaled.
Serious eye damage, Category 1	H318: Causes serious eye damage.
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	
Category 3, Respiratory system	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
Acute aquatic toxicity, Category 1	H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 1	H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)



Signal Word	Danger	
Hazard Statements	H302+H332 H317 H318 H335 H410	Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Supplemental Hazard Statements	EUH401	To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.
Precautionary Statements	Prevention: P261 P280 Response:	Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
	P304 + P340 + P312 P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 P333 + P313	Remove contact lenses, if pre-sent and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

• mixture of octanoic acid- decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide

benzovindiflupyr

Precautionary statements:

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty triple rinsed clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS 3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous Components

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
mixture of octanoic acid- decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide	1118-92-9 214-272-5 01-2119974115-37	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 STOT SE 3; H335	>= 20 - < 30

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	64742-94-5 265-198-5 649-424-00-3 01-2119451151-53	Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 20 - < 25
poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), alpha-(9Z)- 9-octadecenyl-omega-hydroxy-	9004-98-2	Eye Dam.1; H318	>= 20 - < 30
benzovindiflupyr	1072957-71-1 01-2119929229-31	Acute Tox.3; H301 Acute Tox.3; H331 Aquatic Acute1; H400 Aquatic Chronic1; H410	>= 10 - < 20
poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), -[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]- -hydroxy-	99734-09-5	Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 1 - < 2.5
Substances with a workplace exposure limit :			
cellulose, ethyl ether	9004-57-3	Aquatic Chronic3; H412	>= 1 - < 10

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: Have the product container, label or Safety Data Sheet with you when calling the emergency number, a poison control center or physician, or going for treatment.

If inhaled: Move the victim to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

In case of skin contact: Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. In case of eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required.

If swallowed: If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do not induce vomiting: contains petroleum distillates and/or aromatic solvents.

4.2 Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: There is no specific antidote available. Treat symptomatically. Do not induce vomiting: contains petroleum distillates and/or aromatic solvents.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: <u>Extinguishing media - small fires</u> Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. <u>Extinguishing media - large fires</u> Alcohol-resistant foam or Water spray Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-fighting: As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion (see section 10). Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions: Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal considerations see section 13., Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling: No special protective measures against fire required. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. For personal protection see section 8.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers: No special storage conditions required. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s): For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.	64742-94-5	TWA	8 ppm 50 mg/m³	SUPPLIER
benzovindiflupyr	1072957-71-1	TWA	1 mg/m ³	Syngenta
cellulose, ethyl ether	9004-57-3	TWA	10 mg/m ³	SUPPLIER

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering Measures

Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated. The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in use. Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards. Where necessary, seek additional occupational hygiene advice.

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection: Always wear eye protection when the potential for inadvertent eye contact with the product cannot be excluded.

Tightly fitting safety goggles.

Face-shield

Use eye protection according to EN 166.

Hand protection

Material: Nitrile rubber

Break through time: > 480 min

Glove thickness: 0.5 mm

Remarks: Wear protective gloves. The choice of an appropriate glove does not only depend on its material but also on other quality features and is different from one producer to the other. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. The break through time depends amongst other things on the material, the thickness and the type of glove and therefore has to be measured for each case. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Skin and body protection: Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Wear as appropriate: Impervious clothing

Respiratory protection: When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Suitable respiratory equipment: Respirator with a particle filter (EN 143)

The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the maximum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used. Filter type: Particulates type (P)

Protective measures: The use of technical measures should always have priority over the use of personal protective equipment. When selecting personal protective equipment, seek appropriate professional advice.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physi	cal and chemical properties
Appearance:	solution clear to slightly turbid
Colour:	amber to light brown
Odour Threshold:	No data available
pH:	4 - 8
	Concentration: 1 % w/v
Flash point:	101 °C(1019.0 hPa)
	Method: Pensky-Martens closed cup
Evaporation rate:	No data available
Lower explosion limit:	No data available
Upper explosion limit:	No data available
Relative vapour density:	No data available
Density:	0.978 g/cm ³ (25 °C)
Decomposition temperature:	No data available
Viscosity	
Viscosity, dynamic:	24.6 mPa.s (40 °C)
	70.7 mPa.s (20 °C)
Viscosity, kinematic:	>= 22.0 mm ² /s (40 °C)
Explosive properties:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.
9.2 Other information	
Surface tension :	31.3 mN/m, 20 °C

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

None reasonably foreseeable.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: No decomposition if used as directed.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: None known.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Combustion or thermal decomposition will evolve toxic and irritant vapours.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLO 11.1 Information on toxi Acute toxicity Product:				
Acute oral toxicity:	LD50 (Rat, female): 1,086 mg/kg			
Acute inhalation toxicity:	LC50 (Rat): > 2.54 mg/l			
route initialation toxioity.	Exposure time: 4 h			
	Test atmosphere: dust/mist			
Acute dermal toxicity:	LD50 (Rat, male and female): $> 2,000 \text{ mg/kg}$			
, loute definial texterity:	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity			
Components:				
	, alpha-(9Z)-9-octadecenyl-omega-hydroxy-:			
Acute oral toxicity:	LD50 (Rat): 2,760 mg/kg			
benzovindiflupyr:				
Acute oral toxicity:	LD50 (Rat, female): 55 mg/kg			
Acute inhalation toxicity:	LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 0.56 mg/l			
	Exposure time: 4 h			
	Test atmosphere: dust/mist			
Acute dermal toxicity:	LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg			
	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity			
poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl)	, -[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]hydroxy-:			
Acute oral toxicity:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 5,000 mg/kg			
	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity			
Acute dermal toxicity:	LD50 Dermal (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg			
	Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity			
cellulose, ethyl ether:				
Acute dermal toxicity:	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg			
Skin corrosion/irritation				
Product:				
Species: Rabbit				
Result: No skin irritation				
Components:				
mixture of octanoic acid	I- decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide:			
Species: Rabbit				
Result: Irritating to skin.				
benzovindiflupyr:				
Species: Rabbit				
Result: No skin irritation				
poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), -[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]hydroxy-:				
Species: Rabbit				
Result: No skin irritation				
Serious eye damage/ey	e irritation			
Product:				
Species: Rabbit				
Result: Irreversible effects on the eye				
Components:	Components:			
mixture of octanoic acid- decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide:				
Species: Rabbit				

Result: Risk of serious damage to eyes. **poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediy(), alpha-(92)-9-octadecenyl-omega-hydroxy-:** Result: Risk of serious damage to eyes. **benzovindiflupyr:** Species: Rabbit Result: No eye irritation **poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediy(), -[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]- -hydroxy-:** Species: Rabbit Result: No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Species: Guinea pig Result: May cause sensitisation by skin contact. <u>Components:</u> benzovindiflupyr: Species: Mouse Result: Did not ague aggeitigation on laboratory agingle

Result: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

benzovindiflupyr:

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects. poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyI), -[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyI)phenyI]--hydroxy-: Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment: In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

Carcinogenicity

Components:

benzovindiflupyr:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen, This substance has been reported to cause tumours in certain animal species., There is no evidence that these findings are relevant to humans.

cellulose, ethyl ether:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity <u>Components:</u> benzovindiflupyr: Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: No toxicity to reproduction

STOT - single exposure

Components:

mixture of octanoic acid- decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation.

benzovindiflupyr:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

STOT - repeated exposure

Components:

benzovindiflupyr:

Assessment: The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity <u>Components:</u> benzovindiflupyr: Remarks: No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

Aspiration toxicity <u>Components:</u> solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL IN 12.1 Toxicity	FORMATION
Product: Toxicity to fish:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.068 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:	EC50 (<i>Daphnia magna</i> (Water flea)): 0.27 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae:	ErC50 (<i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> (green algae)): 3.3 mg/l Exposure time: 926 h
Ecotoxicology Assessment	
Chronic aquatic toxicity:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects., Classification of the product is based on the summation of the concentrations of classified components.
Components:	
mixture of octanoic acid- deca	noic acid- N,N-dimethylamide:
Toxicity to fish:	LC50 : 14.8 mg/l
	Exposure time: 96 h
solvent naphtha (petroleum), h Ecotoxicology Assessment	eavy arom.:
Chronic aquatic toxicity:	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
benzovindiflupyr:	
Toxicity to fish:	LC50 (<i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> (rainbow trout)): 0.0091 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
	LC50 (<i>Pimephales promelas</i> (fathead minnow)): 0.0047 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and	
other aquatic invertebrates:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.085 mg/l
	Exposure time: 48 h
	EC50 (Americamysis bahia (Mysid shrimp)): 0.056 mg/l
	Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to algae:	ErC50 (<i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i> (green algae)): > 0.89 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
	NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.42 mg/l
	End point: Growth rate
	Exposure time: 96 h
	ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.55 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
	NOEC (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.4 mg/l
	End point: Growth rate
	Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):	100 NOEC: 0.00095 mg/l Exposure time: 32 d Species: <i>Pimephales promelas</i> (fathead minnow) Test Type: Early-life Stage
Toxicity to daphnia and other aguatic invertebrates	
(Chronic toxicity):	NOEC: 0.015 mg/l
	Exposure time: 21 d
	Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
	NOEC: 0.0074 mg/l
	Exposure time: 28 d
	Species: Americamysis bahia (Mysid shrimp)
M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity):	
polv(oxv-1.2-ethanedivl), -[2.4.6	-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]hydroxy-:
Toxicity to fish:	LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 21 mg/l
,	Exposure time: 96 h
Ecotoxicology Assessment	·
Chronic aquatic toxicity:	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

mixture of octanoic acid- decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide:

Biodegradability: Result: Readily biodegradable.

Stability in water: Remarks: Product is not persistent.

benzovindiflupyr:

Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

benzovindiflupyr:

Bioaccumulation: Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate. Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow: 4.3 (25 °C)

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

mixture of octanoic acid- decanoic acid- N,N-dimethylamide:

Stability in soil: Remarks: Product is not persistent.

benzovindiflupyr:

Distribution among environmental compartments: Remarks: Slightly mobile in soils

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment: This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Components:

benzovindiflupyr:

Assessment: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), -[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]- -hydroxy-:

Assessment: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product: Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging: Empty remaining contents. Triple rinse containers. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers. Waste Code: uncleaned packagings

150110, packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN number

- ADN: UN 3082
- ADR: UN 3082
- RID: UN 3082
- IMDG: UN 3082
- IATA: UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

- ADN: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BENZOVINDIFLUPYR)
- ADR: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BENZOVINDIFLUPYR)
- RID: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BENZOVINDIFLUPYR)
- IMDG: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (BENZOVINDIFLUPYR)
- IATA: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (BENZOVINDIFLUPYR)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

- ADN: 9
- ADR: 9
- RID: 9
- IMDG: 9
- IATA: 9

14.4 Packing group ADN

Packing group: III Classification Code: M6 Hazard Identification Number: 90

ADR

Packing group: III Classification Code: M6 Hazard Identification Number: 90 Labels: 9

Tunnel restriction code: (-)

RID

Packing group: III Classification Code: M6 Hazard Identification Number: 90 Labels: 9

IMDG

Packing group: III Labels: 9 EmS Code: F-A, S-F

IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964 Packing instruction (LQ): Y964 Packing group: III Labels: Miscellaneous IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964 Packing instruction (LQ): Y964 Packing group: III Labels: Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADN

Environmentally hazardous: yes ADR Environmentally hazardous: yes RID Environmentally hazardous: yes IMDG Marine pollutant: yes IATA (Passenger) Marine pollutant: yes

IATA (Cargo) Marine pollutant: yes

14.6 Special precautions for user Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High: Not applicable

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer: Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants: Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals: Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

E1 34	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS Petroleum products: (a) gasolines and naphthas, (b) kerosenes (including jet fuels), (c) gas oils (including diesel fuels, home	Quantity 1 100 t 2,500 t	Quantity 2 200 t 25,000 t
	heating oils and gas oil blending streams),(d) heavy fuel oils (e) alternative fuels serving the same purposes and with similar		
	properties as regards flammability and environmental hazards		

as the products referred to in points (a) to (d)

Other regulations:

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work.

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION Further information

Full text of H-Statements

- H301: Toxic if swallowed.
- H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H318: Causes serious eye damage.
- H331: Toxic if inhaled.
- H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
- H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
- H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.:	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute:	Acute aquatic toxicity
Aquatic Chronic:	Chronic aquatic toxicity
Asp. Tox.:	Aspiration hazard
Eye Dam.:	Serious eye damage
Skin Irrit.:	Skin irritation
STOT SE:	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways: ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN -Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation: DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada): ECHA - European Chemicals Agency: EC-Number - European Community number: ECx -Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule: ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA -International Air Transport Association: IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization: IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory: LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL -International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances: (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods: vPvB - Verv Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of th	e mixture:	Classification procedure:		
Acute Tox. 4	H302	On basis of test data.		
Acute Tox. 4	H332	On basis of test data.		
Eye Dam. 1	H318	On basis of test data.		
Skin Sens. 1	H317	On basis of test data.		
STOT SE 3	H335	Calculation method		
Aquatic Acute 1	H400	On basis of test data.		
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410	Calculation method		

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

Product names are a trademark or registered trademark of a Syngenta Group Company.

FI ATUS™ Plus							
Emulsifiable con	centrate containing						
	100 g/l (10.2% w/w) benzovindiflupyr.						
Signal Word	Danger.						
Hazard	Harmful if swallowed or inhaled.						
Statements	Causes serious eye damage.						
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.						
	May cause respiratory irritation.						
	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.						
Precautionary	Keep out of reach of children.						
Statements	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.						
Wear protective gloves/clothing/eye protection/face protection.							
	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.						
	Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell.						
	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.						
	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.						
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy						
	to do. Continue rinsing.						
	Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.						
	Collect spillage. Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal plant/contractor or collection site						
	except for empty triple rinsed clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.						
Supplemental	To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.						
Information	MAPP No. 17841						

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

FOR USE ONLY AS A PROFESSIONAL FUNGICIDE

Crop	Max. individual dose (litres/ hectare/crop)	Maximum no. of treatments (per crop)	Latest time of application	Aquatic buffer zone distance (metres)
Winter and spring wheat, rye and triticale.	0.75	1	Up to and including anthesis complete (GS 69).	6
Winter and spring barley	0.75	1	Up to and including complete ear emergence (GS 59).	6

Other Specific Restrictions:

(1) This product must not be applied via hand-held equipment.

(2) No more than two applications of products containing SDH inhibitors must be applied to any cereal crop.

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.