

# Wicket®

syngenta®

Product registration number: MAPP 17555

Contains 800 grams per litre prosulfocarb as an emulsifiable concentrate formulation.

For the control of annual grass weeds and annual broad-leaved weeds in Winter Barley, Winter Wheat and Early and Maincrop Potatoes.

The (COSHH) Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations may apply to the use of this product at work.

Syngenta UK Limited

CPC4, Capital Park, Fulbourn, Cambridge, CB21 5XE

Tel: Cambridge (01223) 883400

**In case of toxic or transport emergency ring (01484) 538444 any time.**



This product label is compliant with the CPA Voluntary Initiative (VI) guidance.

## SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

### (a) Operator protection

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment:

WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS), AND SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES when handling the concentrate and handling contaminated surfaces.

However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows they provide an equal or higher standard of protection.

WASH CONCENTRATE from skin or eyes immediately.

WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before eating and after work.

WASH ALL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING thoroughly after use, especially the insides of gloves.

### (b) Environmental Protection

To protect aquatic organisms respect an unsprayed buffer zone to surface water bodies in line with LERAP requirements.

DO NOT ALLOW DIRECT SPRAY from horizontal boom sprayers to fall within 5 m of the top of the bank of a static or flowing water body, unless a Local Environmental Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP) permits a narrower buffer zone, or within 1 m from the top of a ditch which is dry at the time of application.

Aim spray away from water.

This product qualifies for inclusion within the Local Environmental Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP) Scheme. Before each spraying operation from a horizontal boom sprayer a LERAP must be carried out in accordance with CRD's published guidance or the statutory buffer zone must be maintained. The results of the LERAP must be recorded and kept available for inspection for three years.

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container.

Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads.

Extreme care must be taken to avoid spray drift onto non-crop plants outside of the target area.

### (c) Storage and disposal

KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed, in a safe place. RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose of safely.

### (d) Other specific restrictions

Do not apply by hand-held equipment.

PROTECT FROM FROST.

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# 10 litres

**FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY**

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

**Danger**

**May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.**

**Causes skin irritation.**

**May cause an allergic skin reaction.**

**Causes serious eye irritation.**

**Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.**



Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Collect spillage.

Dispose of contents/ container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty triple rinsed clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

**IMPORTANT INFORMATION**

FOR USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL HERBICIDE

Crops	Maximum individual dose (litres/product/ha)	Maximum number of treatments	Latest time of application
Wheat (winter), barley (winter)	5 litres (pre-emergence) <u>OR</u>	One per crop	Pre-emergence
	3 litres (up to GS21)		Early tillering (GS 21)
Potatoes	5 litres	One per crop	At emergence (soil rising over emerging potato shoots)

Other specific restrictions:

Do not apply by hand-held equipment.

**READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTISE FOR PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.**

## **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

### **(a) Operator protection**

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment:

**WEAR SUITABLE PROTECTIVE CLOTHING (COVERALLS) AND SUITABLE PROTECTIVE GLOVES** when handling the concentrate and handling contaminated surfaces.

However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows they provide an equal or higher standard of protection.

**WASH CONCENTRATE** from skin or eyes immediately.

**WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN** before eating and after work.

**WASH ALL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING** thoroughly after use, especially the insides of gloves.

### **(b) Environmental Protection**

To protect aquatic organisms respect an unsprayed buffer zone to surface water bodies in line with LERAP requirements.



**DO NOT ALLOW DIRECT SPRAY** from horizontal boom sprayers to fall within 5 m of the top of the bank of a static or flowing water body, unless a Local Environmental Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP) permits a narrower buffer zone, or within 1 m from the top of a ditch which is dry at the time of application. Aim spray away from water.

This product qualifies for inclusion within the Local Environmental Risk Assessment for Pesticides (LERAP) Scheme. Before each spraying operation from a horizontal boom sprayer a

LERAP must be carried out in accordance with CRD's published guidance or the statutory buffer zone must be maintained. The results of the LERAP must be recorded and kept available for inspection for three years.

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads.

Extreme care must be taken to avoid spray drift onto non-crop plants outside of the target area.

### **(c) Storage and disposal**

**KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER**, tightly closed, in a safe place.

**RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY** by using an integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose of safely.

### **(d) Other specific restrictions**

Do not apply by hand-held equipment.

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## DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: this information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be carefully read in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

## RESTRICTIONS

Do not apply to crops under stress or to crops suffering from waterlogging, pest attack, disease, frost or the effects of high diurnal temperature changes. Transient yellowing can occur although crops fully recover. For cereals, seed must be covered by 3cm of soil and for best results apply to a firm, moist seedbed free of clods. DO NOT sow field beans or broad beans within 12 months of application.

## WEEDS CONTROLLED

GRASSWEEDS CONTROLLED	
Susceptible	
Rough stalked meadow grass	Pre-emergence
Moderately susceptible	
Annual meadow grass	Up to 3 true leaves
Loose silky bent	Pre-emergence

Wicket® used pre-emergence will reduce blackgrass and Italian ryegrass populations. It should only be used as part of an appropriate management strategy involving sequences with products of alternative modes of action and the use of cultural techniques.

BROAD-LEAVED WEEDS CONTROLLED	
Susceptible	
Ivy leaved speedwell	Susceptible at cotyledon stage
Black nightshade	Pre-emergence
Chickweed	Susceptible at up to 2 true leaves
Forget Me Not	Pre-emergence
Cranesbill	Pre-emergence
Red dead nettle	Pre-emergence
Common field speedwell	Susceptible at cotyledon stage
Green field speedwell	Susceptible at cotyledon stage
Wall speedwell	Pre-emergence
Moderately susceptible	
Cleavers	Moderately susceptible at 1 whorl
Resistant	
Field pansy	Resistant at emergence

## Weed Resistance

Strains of some annual grasses (e.g. black-grass, wild-oats, and Italian rye-grass) have developed resistance to a range of herbicides which may lead to poor control from one or more product or mode of action. A strategy for preventing and managing such resistance should be adopted. Guidelines have been produced by the Weed Resistance Action Group and copies are available from the HGCA, CPA, your distributor, crop adviser or product manufacturer.

Wicket should only be used for control of herbicide resistant strains of annual grasses as part of an appropriate management strategy, including sequences with herbicides of alternative modes of action and the use of cultural techniques.

## **CROP SPECIFIC INFORMATION**

### **Winter Cereals**

Wicket applied pre-emergence may infrequently slow crop emergence. This effect is transient and has been demonstrated not to adversely affect yield.

### **Potatoes**

For control of a wider spectrum of weeds use Wicket in mixture with approved formulations of products containing the active ingredient metribuzin, only as a pre-emergence application. Please consult company literature for specific product and best use guidelines. Always observe full label restrictions for any tank mix partner.

### **Timing**

#### **Winter Cereals**

Wicket can either be used at pre-emergence of the crop (5 l/ha) or at post-emergence of the crop up to GS 21 (3 l/ha). One application per crop.

#### **Early and Maincrop Potatoes**

Wicket may be applied pre-emergence or at emergence of the crop (soil rising over emerging potato shoots). Complete ridge formation before application of Wicket and do not disturb treated soil after application.

### **Rates of Use**

#### **Winter Cereals pre-emergence**

5 litres of product per hectare. One application per crop.

OR

#### **Winter Cereals early post-emergence up to GS21**

3 litres of product per hectare. One application per crop.

#### **Early and Maincrop Potatoes up to GS11**

5 litres of product per hectare. One application per crop.

## **FOLLOWING CROPS**

### **Winter Cereals, Early and Maincrop Potatoes**

Do not sow field beans or broad beans within 12 months of application.

In the case of winter cereal crop failure, Winter Wheat or Winter Barley may be sown immediately in the autumn. The following crops may be sown in the spring after winter cereal crop failure

<b>Without ploughing</b>
Sunflowers
Maize
Flax
Spring oats
Spring barley
Spring wheat
Spring peas

Spring oilseed rape

Soya beans

**With ploughing**

Carrots

Lettuce

Onions

Sugar beets

Potatoes

**Do not sow**

Field beans

Broad beans

The following crops may be sown in the autumn after potato crop failure or normal harvest:

**Without ploughing**

Winter oats

Winter barley

Winter wheat

**MIXING AND SPRAYING**

**MIXING**

Fill the spray tank with half the required volume of clean water and start agitation.

Add the required amount of Wicket and continue agitation whilst adding the rest of the water. Agitate the mixture thoroughly before use and continue agitation during spraying.

**SPRAYING**

Apply Wicket in a water volume of 200-400 litres per hectare.

Apply Wicket using a conventional fan nozzle producing a medium spray quality as recommended by the British Crop Protection Council. A spray pressure of 2.0 – 3.0 bars is recommended.

Wicket is rainfast after 1 hour.

**WASHING OUT PROCEDURE**

Immediately after use, clean the spray equipment thoroughly. Drain the system completely and rinse spray tank, boom and nozzles two to three times with clean water until the foam and all traces of product have been removed.

**COMPANY ADVISORY INFORMATION**

Apply with a Droplet Spectrum of Coarse to Very Coarse, use 3\* LERAP (minimum 75% Drift Reduction Nozzles) at correct drift reduction operating pressures.

Keep forward speeds < 12km/hr.

Ensure Boom height is maintained @ 50cm above target.

Apply at 200 l water/ha.

Wind < 4 m/s.

Do not apply in still wind conditions (Force 0)

**Section 6 of the Health and Safety at Work Act**  
**Additional product safety Information**

This section does not form part of the product label under the Plant Protection Products Regulations 1995).

The product label provides information on a specific pesticidal use of the product; do not use otherwise, unless you have assessed any potential hazard involved, the safety measures required and that the particular use has 'extensions of use' approval or is otherwise permitted under the Plant Protection Products Regulations.

The information on this label is based on the best available information including data from test results.

**SAFETY DATA SHEET - V2**

**1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/ UNDERTAKING**

**1.1 Product Identifier**

Product Name: WICKET

Design Code: A8545H

Product Registration number: MAPP 17555

**1.2 Relevant Identified Uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Herbicide

**1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet**

**Company** Syngenta UK Limited  
CPC4, Capital Park  
Fulbourn, Cambridge CB21 5XE  
United Kingdom

Telephone: +44 (0) 1223 883400

Telefax: +44 (0) 1223 882195

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS: customer.services@syngenta.com

**1.4 Emergency telephone number**

Emergency phone No.: +44 1484 538444

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**2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

**Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)**

Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye irritation, Category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Aspiration hazard, Category 1	H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Acute aquatic toxicity, Category 1	H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.
Chronic aquatic toxicity, Category 1	H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**2.2 Label elements**

**Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)**

**Hazard pictograms**



**Signal Word:** Danger

**Hazard** H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Statements** H315 Causes skin irritation.

<b>Supplemental Hazard Statements:</b>	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
	H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	EUH401	To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.
	P261	Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
<b>Precautionary Statements</b>	P264	Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
	P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
	P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
	P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
	P391	Collect spillage.
	P501	Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty triple rinsed clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

## 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.2 Mixtures

#### Hazardous Component(s)

Chemical Name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
prosulfocarb (ISO)	52888-80-9 401-730-6 006-072-00-X	Acute Tox. 4; H302 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 70 - < 90
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. ; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified	64742-95-6 265-199-0 649-356-00-4 01-2119455851-35	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 STOT SE 3; H335 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411	>= 10 - < 20
calcium dodecylbenzenesulpho-nate	26264-06-2 247-557-8 01-2119560592-37	Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Dam. 1; H318 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 3 - < 10
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	104-76-7 203-234-3 01-2119487289-20	Acute Tox. 4; H332 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335	>= 1 - < 10

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

## 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

**General advice:** Have the product container, label or Safety Data Sheet with you when calling the emergency number, a poison control center or physician, or going for treatment.

**If inhaled:** Move the victim to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

**In case of skin contact:** Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

**In case of eye contact:** Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required.

**If swallowed:** If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do not induce vomiting: contains petroleum distillates and/or aromatic solvents.



## **4.2 Most Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Symptoms: Aspiration may cause pulmonary oedema and pneumonitis.

## **4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

Treatment: There is no specific antidote available. Treat symptomatically. Do not induce vomiting: contains petroleum distillates and/or aromatic solvents.

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## **5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### **5.1 Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguishing media - small fires

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing media - large fires

Alcohol-resistant foam

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

### **5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Specific hazards during fire-fighting: As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion (see section 10). Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health. Flash back possible over considerable distance.

### **5.3 Advice for fire-fighters**

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

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## **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Personal precautions: Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

### **6.2 Environmental precautions:**

Environmental precautions: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

### **6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:**

Methods for cleaning up : Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

### **6.4 Reference to other sections**

For disposal considerations see section 13., Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

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## **7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### **7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Advice on safe handling: No special protective measures against fire required. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. For personal protection see section 8.

### **7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Requirements for storage areas and containers: No special storage conditions required. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

### **7.3 Specific end uses**

Specific use(s): For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

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## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
prosulfocarb (ISO)	52888-80-9	TWA	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Syngenta
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. ; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified	64742-95-6	TWA	19 ppm 100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Supplier
Further information	Indicative			

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. ; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	25 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	32 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	11 mg/kg
calcium dodecylbenzene sulphonate	Consumers	Oral	Long-term systemic effects	11 mg/kg
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	1.7 mg/kg
	Consumers	Oral	Short-term exposure, Systemic effects	89 mg/kg
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	85 mg/kg
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Consumers	Ingestion	Long-term systemic effects	1.1 mg/kg
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	23 mg/kg
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	11.4 mg/kg
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	106.4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	53.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	53.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	2.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
calcium dodecylbenzene sulphonate	Fresh water	0.023 mg/l
	Marine water	0.0023 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.174 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0.0174 mg/kg
	Soil	0.62 mg/kg
	Sewage treatment plant	3 mg/l
2-ethylhexan-1-ol	Intermittent use/release	0.01 mg/l
	Fresh water	0.017 mg/l
	Marine water	0.0017 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	0.17 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	28 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0.028 mg/kg
	Sewage treatment plant	10 mg/kg
	Soil	0.047 mg/kg

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Engineering Measures

Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated. The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in use. Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards. Where necessary, seek additional occupational hygiene advice.

## Personal protective equipment

**Eye protection:** Tightly fitting safety goggles. Always wear eye protection when the potential for inadvertent eye contact with the product cannot be excluded. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

## Hand protection

**Material:** Nitrile rubber

**Break through time:** > 480 min

**Glove thickness:** 0.5 mm

**Remarks:** Wear protective gloves. The choice of an appropriate glove does not only depend on its material but also on other quality features and is different from one producer to the other. Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. The break through time depends amongst other things on the material, the thickness and the type of glove and therefore has to be measured for each case. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

**Skin and body protection:** Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific workplace. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Wear as appropriate: Impervious clothing

**Respiratory protection:** No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

**Protective measures:** The use of technical measures should always have priority over the use of personal protective equipment. When selecting personal protective equipment, seek appropriate professional advice.

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## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance:	clear
Colour:	pale yellow
Odour:	aromatic
Odour Threshold:	No data available
pH:	6
	Concentration: 1 % w/v
Melting point/range:	No data available
Boiling point/boiling range:	No data available
Flash point:	73 °C
	Method: Pensky-Martens closed cup
Evaporation rate:	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas):	No data available
Upper explosion limit /	
Upper flammability limit:	No data available
Lower explosion limit /	
Lower flammability limit:	No data available
Vapour pressure:	No data available
Relative vapour density:	No data available
Density:	1,012 g/cm <sup>3</sup> (25 °C)
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility in other solvents:	No data available
Partition coefficient:	
n-octanol/water:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature:	380 °C
Decomposition temperature:	No data available
Viscosity	
Viscosity, dynamic:	No data available
Explosive properties:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties:	The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

### 9.2 Other Information

No data available

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### 10.1 Reactivity

None reasonably foreseeable.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions: No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: No decomposition if used as directed.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid: None known.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

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## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Information on likely routes of exposure: Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin contact, Eye contact

#### Acute toxicity

##### Product:

- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg  
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity  
Remarks: The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition.
- Acute inhalation toxicity: Acute toxicity estimate: > 5 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Method: Calculation method
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 4,000 mg/kg  
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity  
Remarks: The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition.

#### Components:

##### prosulfocarb (ISO):

- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat, female): 1,958 mg/kg  
LD50 (Rat, male): 1,820 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 4.7 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
- Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg  
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

##### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. ; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified:

- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 3,952 mg/kg
- ##### 2-ethylhexan-1-ol:
- Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat): 2,047 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat): > 0.89 - 5.3 mg/l  
Exposure time: 4 h  
Test atmosphere: dust/mist  
Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after short term inhalation

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

##### Product:

- Species: Rabbit  
Result: Irritating to skin.  
Remarks: The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition.

#### Components:

##### prosulfocarb (ISO):

- Species: Rabbit  
Result: No skin irritation

##### calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:

- Result: Irritating to skin.

## **2-ethylhexan-1-ol:**

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irritating to skin.

## **Serious eye damage/eye irritation**

### **Product:**

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days.

Remarks: The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition.

### **Components:**

#### **prosulfocarb (ISO):**

Species: Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation

#### **calcium dodecylbenzene sulphonate:**

Result: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

## **2-ethylhexan-1-ol:**

Species: Rabbit

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

## **Respiratory or skin sensitisation**

### **Product:**

Test Type: Buehler Test

Species: Guinea pig

Result: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Remarks: The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition.

### **Components:**

#### **prosulfocarb (ISO):**

Species: Guinea pig

Result: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

## **Germ cell mutagenicity**

### **Components:**

#### **prosulfocarb (ISO):**

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

#### **Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. ; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified:**

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen., Classified based on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)

## **Carcinogenicity**

### **Components:**

#### **prosulfocarb (ISO):**

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

#### **Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. ; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified:**

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen, Classified based on benzene content < 0.1% (Regulation (EC) 1272/2008, Annex VI, Part 3, Note P)

## **Reproductive toxicity**

### **Components:**

#### **prosulfocarb (ISO):**

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: No toxicity to reproduction

## **STOT - single exposure**

### **Components:**

#### **Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. ; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified:**

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation., The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with narcotic effects.

#### **2-ethylhexan-1-ol:**

Assessment: The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation.

## Repeated dose toxicity

### Components:

#### **prosulfocarb (ISO):**

Remarks: No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

## Aspiration toxicity

### Components:

#### **Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. ; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified:**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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## 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Product:

##### **Toxicity to fish:**

LC50 (*Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout)): 3 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on test results obtained with similar product.

##### **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:**

EC50 (*Daphnia magna* (Water flea)): 2.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on test results obtained with similar product.

##### **Toxicity to algae:**

ErC50 (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae)): 0.18 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on test results obtained with similar product.

NOEC (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae)): 0.010 mg/l

End point: Growth rate

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on test results obtained with similar product.

#### Components:

#### **prosulfocarb (ISO):**

##### **Toxicity to fish:**

LC50 (*Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout)): 0.84 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

##### **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:**

EC50 (*Daphnia magna* (Water flea)): 0.51 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

##### **Toxicity to algae:**

ErC50 (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae)): 0.120 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae)): 0.009 mg/l

End point: Growth rate

Exposure time: 72 h

ErC50 (*Navicula pelliculosa* (Freshwater diatom)): 0.68 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (*Navicula pelliculosa* (Freshwater diatom)): 0.2 mg/l

End point: Growth rate

Exposure time: 72 h

##### **Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):**

NOEC: 0.31 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout)

##### **Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):**

NOEC: 0.045 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Species: *Daphnia magna* (Water flea)

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. ; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified:**

**Toxicity to fish:**

LL50 (*Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout)): 9.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:**

EL50 (*Daphnia magna* (Water flea)): 3.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

**Toxicity to algae:**

EL50 (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae)): 2.6 - 2.9 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test Type: Growth inhibition

NOELR (*Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae)): 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

**Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):**

NOELR: 1.23 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Species: *Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout)

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity):**

NOELR: 2.14 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Species: *Daphnia magna* (Water flea)

**Ecotoxicology Assessment**

**Chronic aquatic toxicity:**

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate:**

**Ecotoxicology Assessment**

**Chronic aquatic toxicity:**

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**2-ethylhexan-1-ol:**

**Toxicity to fish:**

LC50 (*Pimephales promelas* (fathead minnow)): 28.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (*Leuciscus idus* (Golden orfe)): 17.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:**

EC50 (*Daphnia magna* (Water flea)): 39 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

**Toxicity to algae:**

EC50 (*Desmodesmus subspicatus* (green algae)): 16.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

## **12.2 Persistence and degradability**

**Components:**

**prosulfocarb (ISO):**

**Biodegradability:**

Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Stability in water: Degradation half life: 159 - 279 d

Remarks: Persistent in water.

**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. ; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified:**

**Biodegradability:** Result: Readily biodegradable.

**2-ethylhexan-1-ol:**

**Biodegradability:** Result: Readily biodegradable.

## **12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

**Components:**

**prosulfocarb (ISO):**

**Bioaccumulation:**

Remarks: Prosulfocarb bioaccumulates.

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

### Components:

#### prosulfocarb (ISO):

Distribution among environmental compartments: Remarks: Slightly mobile in soils

Stability in soil: Dissipation time: 35 d

Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50)

Remarks: Product is not persistent.

## 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

### Product:

Assessment:

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### Components:

#### prosulfocarb (ISO):

Assessment:

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

#### Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. ; Low boiling point naphtha - unspecified:

Assessment:

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

#### 2-ethylhexan-1-ol:

Assessment:

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

## 12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

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## 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product:

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging:

Empty remaining contents. Triple rinse containers. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

Waste Code:

uncleaned packagings

150110, packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

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## 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### 14.1 UN number

ADN: UN 3082

ADR: UN 3082

RID: UN 3082

IMDG: UN 3082

IATA: UN 3082

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADN: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.  
(PROSULFOCARB AND SOLVENT NAPHTHA)

ADR: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.  
(PROSULFOCARB AND SOLVENT NAPHTHA)

RID: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.  
(PROSULFOCARB AND SOLVENT NAPHTHA)



**IMDG:** ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.  
(PROSULFOCARB AND SOLVENT NAPHTHA)  
**IATA:** Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.  
(PROSULFOCARB AND SOLVENT NAPHTHA)

#### **14.3 Transport hazard class(es)**

**ADN:** 9  
**ADR:** 9  
**RID:** 9  
**IMDG:** 9  
**IATA:** 9

#### **14.4 Packing group**

##### **ADN**

Packing group: III  
Classification Code: M6  
Hazard Identification Number: 90  
Labels: 9

##### **ADR**

Packing group: III  
Classification Code: M6  
Hazard Identification Number: 90  
Labels: 9  
Tunnel restriction code: (-)

##### **RID**

Packing group: III  
Classification Code: M6  
Hazard Identification Number: 90  
Labels: 9

##### **IMDG**

Packing group: III  
Labels: 9  
EmS Code: F-A, S-F

##### **IATA (Cargo)**

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 964  
Packing instruction (LQ): Y964  
Packing group: III  
Labels: Flammable Miscellaneous

##### **IATA (Passenger)**

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 964  
Packing instruction (LQ): Y964  
Packing group: III  
Labels: Flammable Miscellaneous

#### **14.5 Environmental hazards**

##### **ADN**

Environmentally hazardous: yes

##### **ADR**

Environmentally hazardous: yes

##### **RID**

Environmentally hazardous: yes

##### **IMDG**

Marine pollutant: yes

##### **IATA (Passenger)**

Environmentally hazardous: yes

##### **IATA (Cargo)**

Environmentally hazardous: yes

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

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### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59): Not applicable

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV): Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer: Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 on persistent organic pollutants: Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals: Not applicable

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII): Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered: Number on list 3

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.: Low boiling point naphtha -unspecified (Number on list 29, 28)

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Quantity 1	Quantity 2
100 t	200 t

E1 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

#### Other regulations:

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work. Use plant protection products safely. Always read the label and product information before use. Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications.

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### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Full text of H-statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox.:	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute:	Acute aquatic toxicity
Aquatic Chronic:	Chronic aquatic toxicity
Asp. Tox.:	Aspiration hazard
Eye Dam.:	Serious eye damage
Eye Irrit.:	Eye irritation
Flam. Liq.:	Flammable liquids
Skin Irrit.:	Skin irritation

Skin Sens.:	Skin sensitisation
STOT SE:	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
2017/164/EU:	Commission Directive (EU) 2017/164 establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC, and amending Commission Directives 91/322/EEC, 2000/39/EC and 2009/161/EU
2017/164/EU / TWA:	Limit Value - eight hours

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

## Further information

Classification of the mixture:		Classification procedure:
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	On basis of test data.
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	On basis of test data.
Skin Sens. 1	H317	On basis of test data.
Asp. Tox. 1	H304	Calculation method.
Aquatic Acute 1	H400	On basis of test data.
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410	On basis of test data.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

**FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY**

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

**Danger**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Collect spillage.

Dispose of contents/ container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty triple rinsed clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

**IMPORTANT INFORMATION**

FOR USE ONLY AS AN AGRICULTURAL HERBICIDE

Crops	Maximum individual dose (litres/product/ha)	Maximum number of treatments	Latest time of application
Wheat (winter), barley (winter)	5 litres (pre-emergence) <u>OR</u>	One per crop	Pre-emergence
	3 litres (up to GS21)		Early tillering (GS 21)
Potatoes	5 litres	One per crop	At emergence (soil rising over emerging potato shoots)

Other specific restrictions:

Do not apply by hand-held equipment.

**READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE. USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE. FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTISE FOR PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS.**

