



REVUS[®] Neo

syngenta[®]

GROUP 40 FUNGICIDE

Product reg. no: MAPP 21639
UFI: WN1C-A0CU-700W-2PH3



REVUS[®] Neo is an oil dispersion containing 250 g/l (24.9% w/w) mandipropamid.

For the control of Foliar blight (*Phytophthora infestans*) in potatoes.

The (COSHH) Control Of Substances Hazardous to Health regulations may apply to the use of this product at work.

Authorisation Holder and Marketing Company

Syngenta UK Limited

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In case of toxic or transport emergency ring +44 (0) 1484 538444 any time

**PROTECT FROM FROST
SHAKE WELL BEFORE USE**



This product label is compliant with the
CPA Voluntary Initiative (VI) guidance.

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the SYNGENTA Logo and the PURPOSE ICON
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L1154753 GBRI/07E PPE 4257286

10 litres

REVUS® Neo

An oil dispersion containing 250 g/l (24.9% w/w) mandipropamid.

**Danger**

Causes serious eye damage.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Wear eye protection/ face protection.

IF IN EYES: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
Collect spillage.

Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous-waste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty clean containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

To avoid risks to human health and the environment comply with the instructions for use.

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IMPORTANT INFORMATION

FOR USE ONLY AS A PROFESSIONAL FUNGICIDE

Crop	Maximum Individual Dose	Maximum Number of Treatments	Latest Time of Application
Potato	0.6 litres product per hectare	6	3 days before harvest

Other Specific Restrictions:

A minimum interval of 5 days must be observed between applications

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE.

**USING THIS PRODUCT IN A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL MAY BE AN OFFENCE.
FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR USING PLANT PROTECTION PRODUCTS**

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**(a) Operator protection**

WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before eating, drinking and after work.

IF YOU FEEL UNWELL, seek medical advice (show label where possible).

Engineering control of operator exposure must be used where reasonably practicable in addition to the following personal protective equipment:

Operators must wear suitable protective gloves and face protection (faceshield) when handling the concentrate. However, engineering controls may replace personal protective equipment if a COSHH assessment shows that they provide an equal or higher standard of protection.

(b) Environmental protection

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads.

(c) Storage and disposal

KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed, in a safe place

DO NOT RE-USE CONTAINER for any purpose

RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using an integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time of filling and dispose of safely.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be carefully read in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

GENERAL INFORMATION

REVUS NEO is an Oil Dispersion for control of late blight (*Phytophthora infestans*) in potatoes. REVUS NEO can be used on all varieties of potatoes including seed potatoes.

DISEASE CONTROLLED

Potatoes

For the control of Foliar blight (*Phytophthora infestans*).

BACKGROUND TO POTATO BLIGHT CONTROL

Late blight (*Phytophthora infestans*) is potentially a devastating disease of potatoes. In commercial production, a season long **disease prevention** policy is essential. First of all ensure that other control methods are being satisfactorily applied:

1. Prevent re-growth on potato dumps.
2. Destroy all groundkeepers.
3. Plant disease free seed.
4. Use generous soil ridges to protect tubers.

Integrate this approach with a fungicide programme :

Early Crops

In first and second early potato crops, particularly those grown in the same locality as main crop potatoes, an adequate and full blight protection programme should be applied right up to harvesting or haulm desiccation. This will protect the early crop while helping to reduce disease risk to later crops.

Maincrops

Disease prevention programmes require regular and season long fungicide use to limit foliar blight development. However, as an effective fungicide programme will preserve leaf area there may be more risk of infecting tubers at harvest, particularly during “heavy” blight years. Completion of the control programme should therefore include a complete haulm desiccant. Lifting of the crop should not take place for at least 10 days after **COMPLETE KILL** of the haulm. Crops intended for storage should not be lifted while there is any green tissue **AT ALL** on the leaves or stem bases.

Blight Risk Assessment

The risk of disease is affected by **weather conditions** (during the crop life) and **crop location**:

Weather Conditions - Spread of disease occurs under warm, humid conditions. Preferably use a reliable decision support system to determine what frequency of fungicide treatment is appropriate and fungicide type required.

Note: Blight forecasting has often been based on the occurrence of the “Hutton Criteria”. A “Hutton Criteria” is a 48 hour period in which the minimum temperature is 10°C or more and the relative humidity exceeds 90% for at least 6 hours during the first 24 hours and for at least 6 hours again during the final 24 hours. However, any period of warm, humid weather increases blight risk.

Crop Location - Locations with the highest probability of blight problems are:

1. Areas of the country where extensive main crop or early production takes place e.g. East Anglia, the south west or the west.
2. Areas where climatic conditions that encourage disease development occur on a frequent basis e.g. The south west, the west and the Fens.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

REVUS NEO contains a GROUP 40 fungicide.

The CAA fungicides represent one of the most potent classes of fungicides available to the grower for the control of Oomycete pathogens.

REVUS NEO contains a CAA fungicide (FRAC Group 40). It does not contain a formulated partner mixture for resistance management purposes. To minimise the risk of resistance development in the pathogen population the following guidelines for CAA fungicides (based on an average number of 12 fungicide applications/season for potato blight control) should be followed:

1. Where possible, use formulated/tank mixtures or an alternating strategy using fungicides from different mode of action groups.
2. Where CAA fungicides are applied as a mixture (co-formulated or as a tank mix) a maximum of 50% of the total number of applications may be made per crop of season. In potatoes up to 6 application may be made.
3. Where CAA fungicides are applied alone (without co-formulant or tank mix partner) a maximum of 33% of the total number of applications may be made per crop or season. In potatoes a maximum of four applications may be made.
4. No more than 2 applications of any CAA fungicide should be made consecutively.
5. Further information on suitable tank mix products and resistance management strategies is available from FRAG and BPC websites.
6. Apply REVUS NEO preferably in a preventive manner.
7. Good agricultural practices must be considered to reduce source of inoculum, disease pressure and resistance risk, e.g. consider planting resistant varieties and refer to disease prediction models.

The resistance management strategy for REVUS NEO is therefore based on limitation of exposure of the pathogen to the fungicide by limiting the number of applications permitted in a program and promoting the use of alternation with products from different cross resistance groups.

REVUS NEO is recommended as a preventive application, integrating it as part of spraying programs alternated with fungicides based on other modes of action according to FRAC guidance.

TIMING

REVUS NEO is a protectant fungicide and therefore the spray programme must start BEFORE blight enters the crop. Commence spraying at the first blight warning or when local weather conditions are favourable for the disease.

Intervals between applications of REVUS NEO should be reduced as blight risk increases, so that **protection** of the crop can be maintained.

Applications of REVUS NEO should be made at 5-10 day intervals depending on disease pressure.

Rates of Use

Apply REVUS NEO at 0.6 litres product per hectare. Up to six applications may be made per crop. Applications of REVUS NEO can be made up to 3 days before harvest.

MIXING AND SPRAYING

Apply through a conventional hydraulic sprayer calibrated to give an even application at the correct volume.

Application to potatoes should be made via a tractor mounted, trailed or self-propelled sprayer or alternatively through a knapsack sprayer.

Spray Volume

Apply REVUS NEO in at least 200-600 litres of water per hectare

Spray Nozzles

A medium quality spray* is preferred for application of REVUS NEO (* as defined by The British Crop Protection Council). A spray pressure of 2 - 3 bar is recommended.

Mixing

Make sure the sprayer is clean and set to give an even application at the correct volume.

Fill the spray tank with half the required volume of clean water and start agitation. Add the required amount of REVUS NEO and continue agitation whilst adding the rest of the water.

Agitate the mixture thoroughly before use and continue agitation during spraying and any stoppages.

Thoroughly wash all spray equipment with water immediately after use.

Do not leave the spray liquid in the sprayer for long periods (such as during meal breaks or overnight).

This product is to be used only in accordance with the recommendations and instructions given on the label provided with this pack

To access the Safety Data Sheet for this product, scan QR code:



Alternatively, contact your supplier.

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